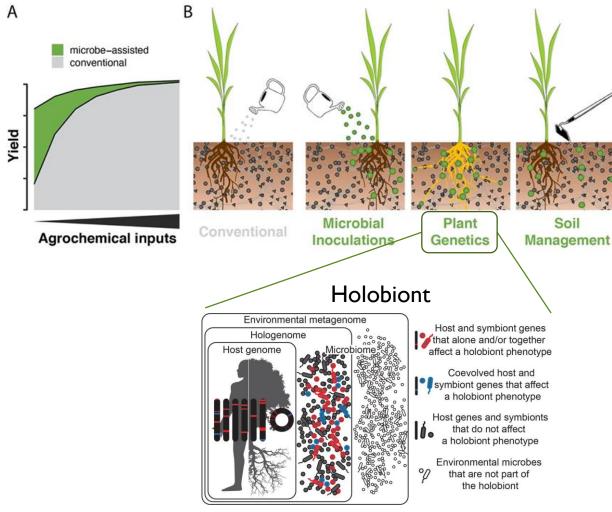




# Holobiont-based plant breeding

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### Microorganisms – a solution to maintain yields with reduced inputs





# Plant genetics of plant-microbe interactions

Is genotypic variation exploitable for breeding?



2019 keynote discussions:

- Jos Raaijmakers: Beneficial plant-associated microbiomes were indirectly coselected throughout the history of breeding
- Richard Jefferson: Plant genome-focussed breeding has neglected agile trait contributions from the microbiome
- > 5-10% of variation of microbiome composition explained by plant genotype



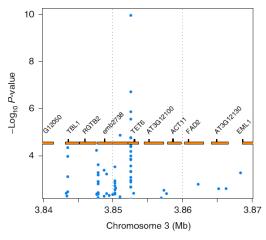
# Plant genetics of plant-microbe interactions

### Genotypic variation of plant responsiveness to micro(biome)es

- Colonisation success of symbionts
- Recruitment of microbes under stress situations
- Microbe-mediated disease resistance
- Priming effects (readiness of plant to respond to (a)biotic stresses)

### Genetic marker (QTL)

- Plant microbiome composition
- Recruitment of specific microbial taxa
- Microbe-induced leaf rust resistance



Horton et al. 2014



## **Breeding for plant-microbe interactions**

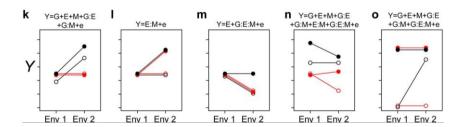
### Disentangling the environmental effect:

From  $G \times E$  to  $G \times E' \times MB$ 

**G**: Host genotype

E': climate and physicochemical soil environment

MB: Soil and/or plant microbiome



Oyserman et al. 2020

- Disentangling MB from E due to its dynamic and evolving nature
- Useful framework to capture ecological interactions
- Enhancing the predictability of microbe-assisted plant breeding



# **EUCARPIA** workshop on Breeding for Plant x Microbe

### Opportunities for breeding

- Yield stability and productivity (reduced inputs)
- Tools: High-throughput phenotyping, machine learning and modelling, seed treatments, genetic markers, gene editing
- Monitoring and decision tools for genotype selection, but also for crop selection and agricultural practices
- From controlled conditions to field>> farmer participation



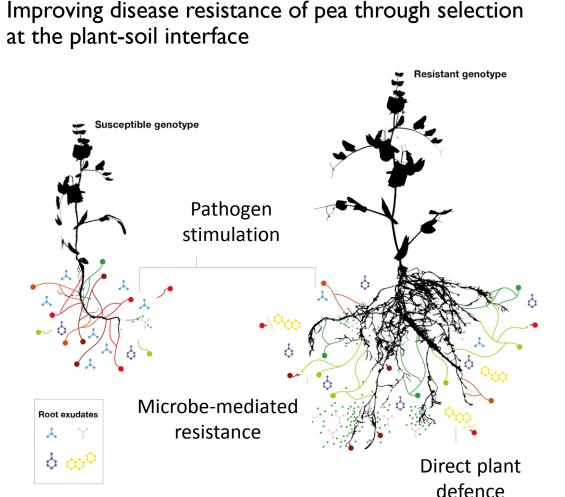


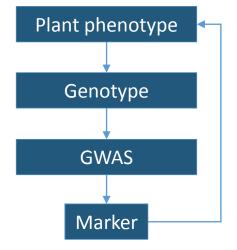






Lukas Wille





Pea is affected by a complex of fungal and oomycete pathogens, e.g.:



Aphanomyces euteiches



Pythium ultimum



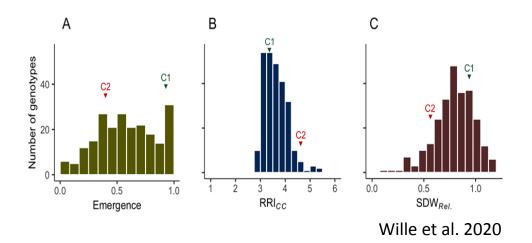
Fusarium solani



Rhizoctonia solani



Heritable variation for resistance against a root rot complex



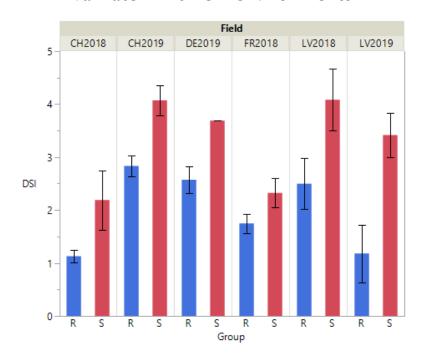






Heritable Variation in Pea for Resistance Against a Root Rot Complex

#### Validated in 6 field environments







Heritable Variation in Pea for Resistance Against a Root Rot Complex





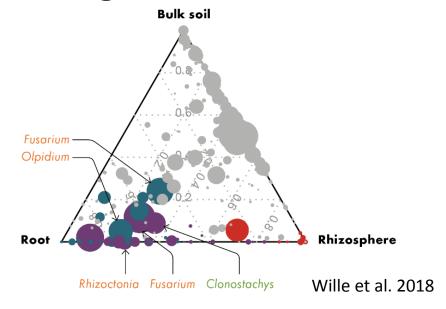




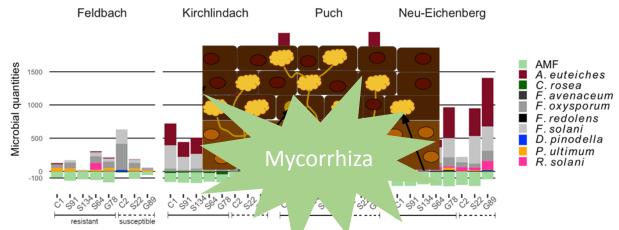


© Christine Schreiner

Verification of the complexity of pearoot rot



### Microbial markers for resistance breeding





AGRIBIOME – Plant microbiome recruitment for superior agricultural systems

Three genome-wide association studies related to disease resistance:

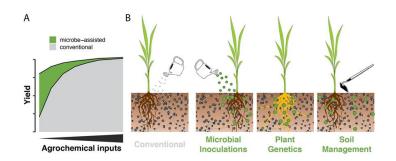
- 1. Standard plant genetic markers based on disease phenotype
- 2. Advanced plant genetic markers for functional microbiome diversity and the recruitment of microbial key taxa
- 3. Holobiont genetic markers: combined action of plant+microbiome markers



### **Outlook**



### perspective article



### Main Research priority:

Identify genetic determinants that steer beneficial plant-microbiome interactions

#### Key targets:

- Bridge fundamental knowledge and application
- Understand functioning within complex microbial communities and holobiont interactions
- Improve efficacy predictions
- Link beneficial functions of indiv. microbes or entire microbiomes with plant traits



### Thank you for your attention!

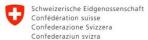




#### Main partner:







#### **AGROSCOPE**















### Main Funding:







